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PAGE 1 OF 11

ANTHONY LLOYD APPLICATION NUMBER 10/779,621

Mr. Benjamin H. Layne,  
Primary Examiner  
Art unit 3711

Dear Mr. Layne;

Thank you for the complete analysis of my Mathematical Problem solving game submission.

Your points related to the card display rejections are accepted and I have replaced the card display feature with a "Game control box" to eliminate the playing card function this required considerable text change (Removed text bracketed ) and ~~and~~ ~~but~~ ~~and~~ ~~underlined~~ the game features remain identical and just the means of displaying the random numbers have changed.

Unfortunately my original submission did not fully portray the uniqueness of the mathematical game, clarification has been added to the submission that required descriptive changes without any change of substance and claims,

I have studied the prior art cited in your rejection, but other than the playing card feature I only see no violations related to this present submission. The fixed format rules that I have invented consider to be totally unique, I am proposing the market name of "Triple Solution" perhaps my poor submission did indicate a connection to prior art, but after reading this submission I feel confident that you will agree that I have not infringed on prior art and in particular not the prior art of Mr. Moore or Mr. Guleg. This is a totally unique fun game, I just hope that my submission illustrates that.

Yours truly.  
Anthony Lloyd  
p.s. it has been a busy weekend

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Patent changes indicated by adding—underlined and bold  
Removing indicated by brackets.

### Mathematical problem solving game

#### Abstract of the disclosure

In accordance with the present invention, a mathematical problem solving game, has a deck of cards, each card having an upper face providing a display of mathematical questions, the questions being above the other and coded to indicate their required skill level; each) column of cards in the deck of cards will randomly display one solution number, and that solution number will be used in four (4) questions having answer choices on a card opposite with a skill level equal to the (underlined) displayed solution number, (of the displayed question). A simple example: calculation numbers 2, 4, 1, 3 Solution number =2, to create a correct answer—form the equation  $1=1$   $4-3=1$  use the two answers to form one equation, 1st equal to the displayed solution number  $\pm 2$ , to initiate the game the game control funds about begin play and, second, the game control funds for players to receive the four calculation and one solution number, players can score by being the first to declare a (required) correct answer or the first to correctly declare that it is Feasible, and lose points by giving an incorrect answer or incorrectly calling 'No'.

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a game (multi) skill level mathematical problem solving game and more particularly to a game that has unlimited players competing to be the first to solve a multi format mathematical question, rules of the game provide means of scoring points and strategizing maximizing the points earned. A specialized (deck of cards has questions displayed on each individual playing card face, each of the same questions being identified to) game box indicates (the) skill levels (required to) that can be used to formulate the correct answer. This skill level feature contains a capability for players of a variety of skill levels to compete over the game. (While the game

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invention relates to a deck of cards, it also embraces such a game that is adaptable to some type of random number selection device (such as a computer.)

#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

We are repeatedly reminded of how computers are detracting from the mathematical skill development of society as a whole and children in particular; thus there is a need for an exciting and competitive card game (which) that also enhances mathematical skills.

With respect to educational (card) games, up to this present time, players have been limited to games which have not been structured to increase mathematical skills (a specialized card deck.) In general, educational (card) games are limited to following types:

1. Memory retention games. These are limited to developing the memory.
2. Games that reward for identifying word meanings. This is excellent for language development but fails to enhance mathematical skills.
3. Games that involve the use of numbers on the cards to make a decision related to the game being played. These are excellent for addition or subtraction but are limited in true mathematical skill development.
4. Games that require mathematical calculations with the use of standard playing cards; however, they lack the structure and competitiveness inherent in the specialized mathematical card game structure of the present invention.

Educational card games are well known in the prior art; of particular reference to the present invention are as follows: U.S. Pat. 2,003,923,433 of Fujimura Shizuo Revere issued Dec. 25, 1935, specifically designed to teach young children an alphabet or other basic skills.

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U.S. Pat. 20030166809 Richardson, et al. September 11, 2003 provides a game that uses poker chips to the well-known domino game foundations to add and subtract numbers while not fully developing mathematical skills.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is the object of the present invention to provide a mathematical problem solving game that is fun to play. It is a further object of the present invention to provide such a game, providing a plurality of skill levels wherein reasons for competing with the (mixed) skill levels of children and adults can be.

In accordance with the present invention a mathematical problem-solving game is provided which game comprising of a specialized Game Control Unit and a Game Station, each station having a display screen for random calculation numbers from a selection of numbered dice stored in the Game Control Unit, achieved by shaking an enclosed transparent box containing a plurality of numbered dice. The shaking of the game control box induces a random fate factor selection mechanism. The question of displaying a single digit or a two digit number is achieved by the transparent box being placed on a surface with a dial pointer thereof marking off a value and a second and third numbered die being placed next to a said face. The inner numbers of the medium designated public law numbered die are the numbers, the outer numbers for higher skill levels. (deck of cards, each card face displaying said skill level of unique mathematical questions, each of the said questions are coded to denote the specific skill level (required to solve the mathematical question). Thus the ability for players to select questions within their skill limits has been provided, the said questions are coded to denote the specific skill level (required to solve the mathematical question).

It is a further accordance of the present invention to provide an enjoyable and competitive mathematical game.

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The said mathematical game is directed by a player choosing the game, rotating box to select four numbers of four calculation numbers and turning a dial to display a single solution number (a single card being placed face up), and then placing the said box and turntable upon a location that subsequently displays the aforementioned mathematical questions to all game players, (an unlimited number) several of whom can earn points by being the first player to solve the question (identified by a pre-determined skill level code,) using a pre-established fixed format.

(Players may sit on both sides of the dealer to obtain optimum orientation related to the displayed.) Each mathematical question is in a fixed format of four calculation numbers and one (underlined) solution number displayed by a player, whereby the four calculation numbers (number) divided into two (sums) questions comprising each of the four calculated numbers just preceding answers, that can be combined to form a third (sum) solution comprising an answer that equals the solution number of the displayed mathematical question.

Addition, subtraction, division and multiplication may be required to generate valid computations. (To increase fun) Employment and continuation of competition, a percentage of questions that having a possible solution a (valid) declaration of "No solution possible" can be made by a player, resulting in result that remaining players will be more likely to find a correct solution.

Players will be awarded points for the following:

1. The first player to declare "Solved it." and provide a correct solution. 2. If declared "No solution possible." 3. For correctly calling "Solved it." given a "No solution possible" declaration. (Should a player declare "Solved it." and fail to provide a correct answer, remaining players will be awarded a point.) A timer device (not the) is used to limit the time available to provide a solution. (and an answer.) Thus the requirement for a competitive and fun game has been met.

**BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS (Obstacle)**

Fig. 1 Depicts the upper face of a specialized playing card within the scope of the present invention whereby a variety of unique mathematical questions are displayed (together with results that denotes the skill level required) to form a correct answer for each unique mathematical question. (Fig. 2 Depicts the upper face of a specialized playing card within the scope of the present invention whereby a variety of unique mathematical questions are displayed together 50 1011 & denote the skill level required to formulate a correct answer for each unique mathematical question.)

Fig. 2 Illustrates a face view of the selected playing card indicating a solution number 2 which indicates no solution possible.

A sample solution has been temporarily added in italics below each displayed mathematical question to enhance this patent's clarity of explanation of the required fixed mathematical equation (solving formula).

**DRAWINGS AND DETAILED DESCRIPTION TOTALLY AMENDED TO ELIMINATE REJECTED USE OF PLAYING CARDS**

Fig. 1 is a front perspective view of an electronic control box structure with timer and numbered face and stored data not shown for clarity.

Fig. 1a Is an end view illustrating the control box window display structure and allows to control the entry of numbered data into the game control box window display computer.

Fig. 1b Isolates a small control box imbedded in Fig.

Fig. 2 depicts a control box face displaying a mathematical problem that has no solution.

Fig. 3 Illustrates the Timer raised ready to be inserted.

Fig. 3a illustrates the timer in a storage position.

*Amended Description of the Invention*

A mathematical problem solving game requiring players to solve a suitable problem using a fixed format, that requires a computer to form two questions whereby the answer to the mentioned two questions are added together to form a third question having an answer equaling the sum of the solution as displayed.

With respect to Fig. 1 An enclosed card control box (1) stores a plurality of numbered dice (2) and initiates each mathematical problem solving game. A player can touch the game control box (1) and move four numbered dice (2) to enter the game control box (1) display window (3) by pressing by an arrow key (4), located at the base of a numbered die (2), storage compartment (5) thus four numbered dice (2) are randomly selected and displayed on the same control box (1) window display compartment (3).

With respect to Fig. 2 For the selection of selecting a solution number (6) for lower skill levels the inner dial face (7) number (9) will be selected when the solution number (6) for higher skill levels the outer dial face number (10) is selected. Illustrated are a selection of four solution numbers 7, 3, 5, 9 and a solution number 24. A correct answer to this problem is "solution is not possible".

Fig. 2a illustrates the solving of the selected mathematical problem in the instant game required by mathematical problem solving game rules of using each of the four calculation methods once, to create two questions, the answers to which are then summed to a third question having a correct answer that equals the solution number 20.

Fig. 3 illustrates a send timer (11) provided through the use of an inversion timer (10) in operation to start the conclusion of a fixed time period. This send timer (11) will then ready for use a second (12).

~~comprised during stamp control or storage and capable to cause the stamp (10) to move from its position of rest to a position of access when a pressing slide (13) is moved first above the said timer (10).~~

## ORIGINAL TESTIMONY FOR THE JUDGE

(With respect to Figure 1. (Specified playing cards each display within the scope of the present invention, unique mathematical questions consisting of four calculation numbers (2) and one or more solution number (4) with skill levels required to solve the unique mathematical question (2) comprising solution(s)(6), being numerically graduated as skill level (7)(8)(9)(10)).

With respect to Figure 1,

With respect to Fig. 2 The function of selecting a solution number. Playlets are required to solve the unique mathematical question (2) by creating two sums (5) each of the two sums (5) to consist of two numbers in a manner that utilizes each of the four calculation numbers (3) in single twice, with the object that the resulting answers to the two sums (5) can be joined into a third two solution sum (6), whereby the answer to the third two number sum (6) establish the indicated answer to the question.

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The level of skill required to solve the unique mathematical question increase when proportionality of skill level numbers increase. Skill level 1 (1) unique mathematical questions (2) are of a high order nature.)

For example illustrated, both the addition number and the calculation numbers have relatively the same value when by the dealer shaking the (1) game board box Fig.2 (Mill level 1). Calculation numbers (2), 6,5,12,3, solution number 10 displayed. For combination per formulation, two steps are needed to obtain the calculation numbers 6-5=1 12-3=9 having answers that form a question  $1+9=10$  having as result equal to the solution number 10. And the random calculation numbers mentioned the same had been

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calculation number changed to 6 the fixed format question would be 6, 3, 12, 3+6 and the solution would be solution  $6 \times 5 = 30$   $12 \times 3 = 36$   $36 + 30 = 66$

$((3+1+4)(5))$  the two ) answers and the two questions (sums) (3) another used to create a third question (sum)  $9+1=10$  initiate the game. 1st question (3) answer being  $4+2=6(45)$   $9+1=10(5)$   $10+4=14(6)$

For example illustrated in skill level 2, (B) Calculation numbers (3) 6,3,8,4 Solution number (4)

= 6. The complete unique mathematical question (3) answer being  $6/3=2(5)$   $6+4=10(6)$  (B) 2+4=6(6)

For example illustrated in skill level 3 (B) Calculation numbers (3) 3,4,7,2. Solution number (4) the complete unique mathematical question (3) answer being  $3+2=5(4)$   $7-4=3(5)$   $5+3=8(6)$

Skill level 4 (10) Calculation numbers (3) 1,3,6,9,4,2 Solution number (4) 2,4 The complete mathematical question (2) answer being  $13+6=19(5)$   $9/2=4(3)$   $27-3=24(6)$  (10)

A player, upon solving the unique mathematical question (2) will first declare a solution and then declare the unique mathematical question (2) complete solution (2)(5) in the event of a situation of correct answers being possible, all correct answers will be acceptable.

The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed is Mathematical Problem Solving Game with a fixed format problem-solving solution, characterizing by the calculation numbers displayed by the game word forming 3 questions to produce a final answer equal to the solution number displayed thereon and defined as follows:

1. A mathematical problem solving game, comprising a game board having a central point, a set of numbered circles and a pointer, the numbered circles containing a solution number for each circle, the solution number being a fixed format mathematical problem solution involving the following components:  
a. a fixed format mathematical problem notation involving the following components:  
i. a first calculation number;  
ii. a second calculation number;  
iii. a third calculation number;  
iv. a fourth calculation number;  
v. a fifth calculation number;  
vi. a sixth calculation number;  
vii. a plus sign; and  
viii. a minus sign;  
b. a first question, a second question and a third question, each question being formed by the combination of the first through sixth calculation numbers and the plus and minus signs, such that the sum of the first and second calculation numbers is equal to the third calculation number, the sum of the third and fourth calculation numbers is equal to the fifth calculation number, and the sum of the fifth and sixth calculation numbers is equal to the solution number;

of a solution with a fixed format solution involving three parts;

10/17/2006 9

2. A Mathematical Problem Solving Game or Claim I wherein the awarding of a scoring period is subject to the following rules: a rule that caused players to present the level of difficulty, as indicated by a digit number (coding) located on the specialized card of claim I; a rule that multiplication, division, subtraction and addition may be reduced to the action of the displayed (unique) mathematical question.

a rule that requires that (a single card from the deck of specialized cards of claim I be placed face up in view of an unlimited number of players indicating the start of the mathematical game);  
a rule that (the shaker, the numbered box of claim I to conduct such fact 15 questions consisting of 4 calculation numbers and 1 solution number displayed in a fixed format);  
a rule that a fixed format of four calculation numbers be used, each time to find two additions/subtractions having answers that can be formed into a third sum answer; and  
a rule that the (and one) solution number displayed (as a unique mathematical question) is selected from the deck of specialized cards of claim I to create two sums, each of the said two sums to consist of two numbers (as matter to utilize each of the four calculation numbers at the same time, with the object being that the resulting answer to the said two sums being such that they can be formed into a third sum to provide the correct solution to the unique mathematical question displayed, whereby the said third sum answer equals the solution number provided in the associated unique mathematical question.)

(a rule that establishes that questions displayed on a specialized card from the specialized cards of claim I, be of an identified variety of skill levels.)

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a rule permitting a questioner to display one or more constraints (specialized words) of a question that have a solution, for purpose of enabling a player to declare "No possible solution".

a rule that appropriately rewards both points for the first player to either, identify a solution, or identify "no possible solution" or identify a solution after "no solution has been declared".

(a rule that awards double points to a player that identifies a solution after a "no possible solution" has been declared by another competing player.)

(a rule that if a player fails to display a correct solution following a declaration of "no solution" the remaining players are awarded points.)

a rule permitting a timing device to limit the time available to solve a unique authorized question.